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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAME	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR		ATTORNEY DOCKÉT NO.		
09/618,497	07/18/00	ZHENG		Y	PAT-1238-DIV		
Г				EXAMINER			
RAYMOND SU	N I	PM82/1023					
RAYMOND SUN 12420 WOODHALL WAY				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
TUSTIN CA 9	2782			3635	. 6		
					10/23/01		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

		Application No. 09/618,497 Examiner Winnie Yip		S) Yu Zheng				
	Office Action Summary			Art Unit 3635				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears	on the cover sheet wi	th the corres	pondence addı	ess			
Period f	or Reply							
	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.	TO EXPIRE 3	MONTH	(S) FROM				
af - If the be - If NO co - Failur - Any r	sions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 Cter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communic period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days considered timely. period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory mmunication. The to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, be reply received by the Office later than three months after the right patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	cation. s, a reply within the statu period will apply and will y statute, cause the appl	tory minimum expire SIX (6	of thirty (30) d MONTHS from Dome ABANDONI	ays will n the mailing date of this ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status 1) 💢	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>Sep 26, 2</u>	2001			•			
2a) 🗌	This action is FINAL . 2b) 💢 This ac	tion is non-final.						
3) 🗆	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11; 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposi	tion of Claims							
4) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u>		is/are	pending in th	e application.			
4	a) Of the above, claim(s)		is/are	e withdrawn f	rom consideration.			
5) 🗌	Claim(s)			is/are allowed				
6) 💢	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u>		is/are rejected.					
7) 🗆								
8) 🗆	Claims							
Applica	tion Papers							
9) 🗆	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e objected to by the E	xaminer.					
11)	The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) 🗌	approved	b) 🗆 disappro	ved.			
12)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exam	iner.						
13)□	under 35 U.S.C. § 119 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign p All b) \square Some* c) \square None of:	priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-	(d).				
,	1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have	ve heen received						
	2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have		pplication N	0.				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority of	focuments have been	received in					
	application from the International Bure se the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)	1).					
	Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic			э).	•			
A *** a b ==	ant(a)							
Attachm 15) ☑ No	ent(s) otice of References Cited (PTO-892)	18) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper I	No(s).				

16) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

17) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s). 2

20) Other:

19) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to applicant's response filed on September 26, 2001.

Claims 7-15 had been canceled in view of applicant's response. Claims 1-6 are pending in the application.

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the feature of "the first and second end edges lie within the outer periphery of the first panel" (claim 6) while "the first and second end edges being coupled to the outer periphery of the first panel" as previously claimed (claim 1) must be shown or the features canceled from the claims. No new matter should be entered.

Double Patenting

2. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

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3. Claims 1-6 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-13 of U.S. Patent No. 6,098,349. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they claim substantially same structural and functional subject matters except wording differently. For example, a first base panel, a second panel, the "interconnecting pieces" of the present application is substantially the same as "the material" of said patent for coupling the opposing end edges of the second panel to the outer periphery of the first base panel such that the opposing end edges are offset from (or extend beyond or adjacent) the outer periphery of the base panel as claimed in said patent.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 112

4. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

5. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1, lines 15 and 18, the claim language such as "for coupling" renders the claims indefinite **for not positively** reciting the relationship between the structural elements such as between the interconnecting pieces and the respective end edges of the second panel. Should it read "coupling"?

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Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States

7. Claims 1-4 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McLeese (US patent No. Re 35,571).

McLeese shows and discloses a collapsible structure comprising: a first base panel (14), a second panel (16), each panel having a foldable frame member (14, 16) inherently having an outer periphery, a fabric material (68, 40) overs the respective foldable frame members long the outer peripheries by a sleeve, and the second panel (16) having opposing end edges coupled and fixed to opposing locations of the outer periphery of the first base panel (14) by first and second interconnecting pieces (20 or 64) to define a interior space.

8. Claims 1-4 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Price (US patent No. 5,676,168).

Price shows and discloses a collapsible structure comprising: a first base panel (11), a second panel (10), each panel having a foldable frame member (14, 18) inherently having an outer periphery, a fabric material overs the respective foldable frame members long the outer peripheries by a sleeve (92), and the second panel (18) having opposing end edges coupled and

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fixed to opposing locations of the outer periphery of the first base panel (14) by first and second interconnecting pieces (24) such that the first base panel and the second panel define an interior space with an opening. Wherein, as show in figure 4, the first and second end edges of the second panel (18) are lied within the outer periphery of the first panel.

Claim Rejections - 35 U.S.C. § 103

- 9. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 10. Claims 1-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zheng (US Patent No. 5,778,915) in view of Price '168.

Zheng '915 shows and discloses a collapsible structure comprising: a first base panel (22c or 52a or 72a) having an outer periphery (23a-d), a second panel which includes a plurality of panels (22a, 22b) connected each other, each panel having a foldable frame member covered by a fabric material (34, 33), the second panel defining two opposing end edges (26b, 27b; or 82a, 80a) coupled to opposing locations (74c, 74a) on the outer periphery of the first base panel (22c or 72a) by interconnecting pieces such as a piece of fabric material (36 or 37) stitching between the end edge and the outer periphery, or VELCRO pads (25a, 25b). Therefore, the opposing end edges of the second panel are considered to extend beyond the outer periphery of the first base panel as claimed. Although Zheng does not define the second panel being a single panel, Price

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teaches a collapsible structure having a second panel formed by a single second panel (18) coupled to a base panel (14) to define an interior space therebetween. It would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the collapsible structure of Zheng having the upper second panel being formed by a single panel as taught by Price instead of a serval smaller panels since it has been held to be within the general

skill of a worker in the art to make plural parts unitary as a matter of obvious design choice.

Citations

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Hazinski et al. '096, Gobel '716, Takos (US Des. 412,354), and Gale (US Des. 400,949) teach various collapsible structures having a second panel having two end edges coupled to an outer periphery of a base panel as similar to the claimed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Yip whose telephone number is (703) 308-2491. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays through Friday from 9:30 AM to 6:30 PM.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1113. The Fax phone number for this Group is (703) 305-7687.

Patent Examiner

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